Consolidated Financial Results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022

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1. FY22/3 Financial results

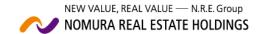
(1) FY22/3 Financial results summary

<Summary>

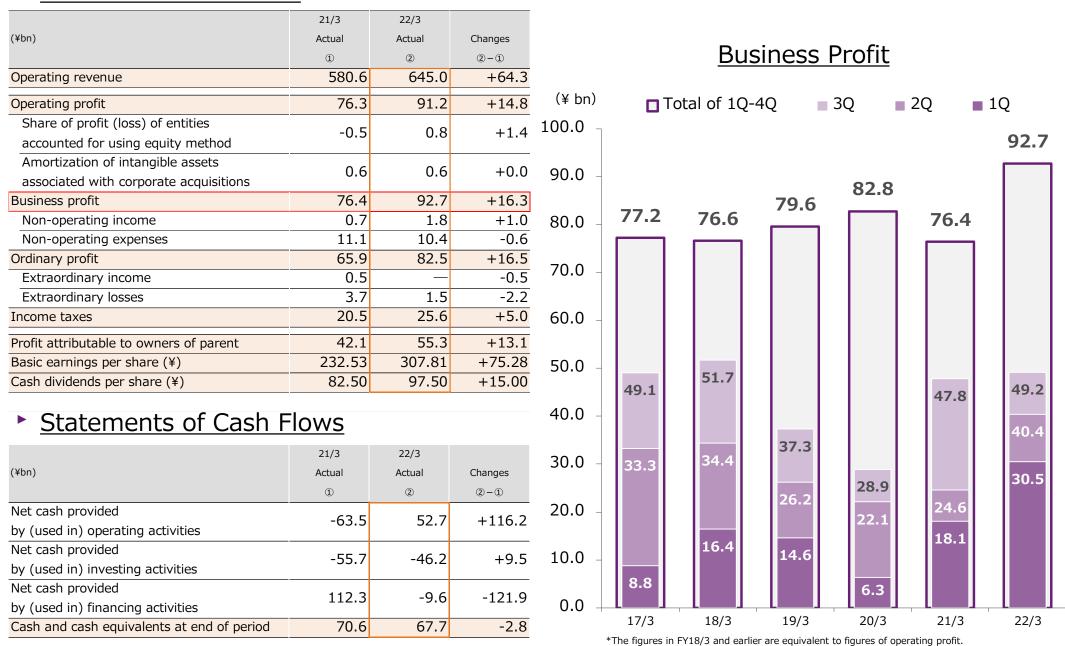
- The consolidated financial results for the Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022 were as follows: Operating revenue; 645.0 billion yen (up 11.1% YoY); business profit; 92.7 billion yen (up 21.3% YoY); operating profit; 91.2 billion yen (up 19.5% YoY); ordinary profit; 82.5 billion yen (up 25.2% YoY); and profit attributable to owners of parent; 55.3 billion yen (up 31.1% YoY).
 - *Business profit = operating profit + share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions
- In Residential Development Business Unit, both operating revenue and business profit increased year on year. The number of housing units sold was 4,329 units (up 660 units YoY) and the gross profit ratio was 23.6% (22.6% in FY21/3) in the housing sales business. The contract progress rate against the projected sales for housing of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, progressed smoothly to 74.6%, at the beginning of the fiscal year.
- In Commercial Real Estate Business Unit, both operating revenue and business profit increased year on year. This was due to gross profit from property sales increased to 28.1 billion yen (21.1 billion yen in FY21/3) and revenue increased in leasing business in retail facility, hotel business, and fitness business.
- As for the Service & Management Sector, in Investment Management Business Unit, the AUM increased mainly in private REIT and private funds. In Property Brokerage & CRE Business Unit, the number and the value of transaction increased mainly in retail business. As a result, in those Business Units, both operating revenue and business profit increased year on year.
- Forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 are operating revenue; 680.0 billion yen; business profit; 97.0 billion yen; operating profit; 90.5 billion yen; ordinary profit; 85.0 billion yen; and profit attributable to owners of parent; 57.0 billion yen, expects to an increase in both operating revenue and business profit.
- The dividend forecast, which was announced in January, 2022, was revised to ¥97.5 per share for the annual dividend for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. This will mark the 10 consecutive fiscal year of dividend increases. The annual dividend per share for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, is expected to increase to ¥110.0 yen per share.



(2) FY22/3 Financial results

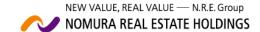


Statements of Income





(3) FY22/3 Financial results by Business Units



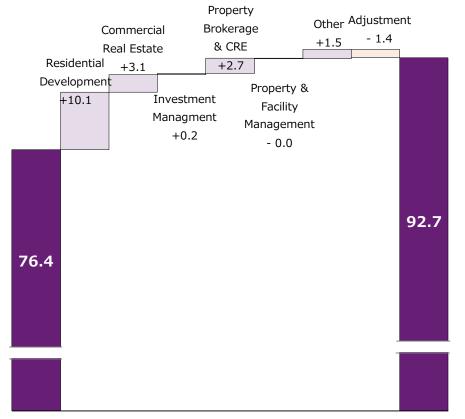
Statements of Income by Business Unit

| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 22/3 | |
|---|--------|--------|---------|------------------------------|---------|
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Forecast (announced in 22/1) | Changes |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 | 3 | 2-3 |
| Operating revenue | 580.6 | 645.0 | +64.3 | 670.0 | -24.9 |
| Residential Development | 272.5 | 309.2 | +36.6 | 305.0 | +4.2 |
| Commercial Real Estate | 179.2 | 202.4 | +23.2 | 220.0 | -17.5 |
| Service & Management | 150.2 | 155.7 | +5.5 | 155.0 | +0.7 |
| Investment Management | 12.4 | 12.8 | +0.3 | 12.0 | +0.8 |
| Property Brokerage & CRE | 39.4 | 43.7 | +4.3 | 43.0 | +0.7 |
| Property & Facility Management | 98.3 | 99.2 | +0.8 | 100.0 | -0.7 |
| Other (including overseas business) | 2.0 | 2.7 | +0.6 | 2.0 | +0.7 |
| Adjustments | -23.4 | -25.1 | -1.6 | -12.0 | -13.1 |
| Business profit* | 76.4 | 92.7 | +16.3 | 88.0 | +4.7 |
| Residential Development | 22.4 | 32.5 | +10.1 | 31.5 | +1.0 |
| Commercial Real Estate | 35.4 | 38.5 | +3.1 | 37.5 | +1.0 |
| Service & Management | 25.8 | 28.7 | +2.9 | 27.0 | +1.7 |
| Investment Management | 7.5 | 7.8 | +0.2 | 7.5 | +0.3 |
| Property Brokerage & CRE | 8.9 | 11.7 | +2.7 | 10.5 | +1.2 |
| Property & Facility Management | 9.2 | 9.2 | -0.0 | 9.0 | +0.2 |
| Other (including overseas business) | -1.4 | +0.0 | +1.5 | -0.5 | +0.5 |
| Adjustments | -5.7 | -7.2 | -1.4 | -7.5 | +0.2 |
| Ordinary profit | 65.9 | 82.5 | +16.5 | 77.0 | +5.5 |
| Profit before income taxes | 62.8 | 81.0 | +18.2 | _ | _ |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 42.1 | 55.3 | +13.1 | 51.0 | +4.3 |

^{*}Business profit = operating profit + share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions

Main factors for changes in Business Profit (compared to Y/Y)

- Residential Development: Increase of the number of housings units sold, improvement in gross profit ratio
- Commercial Real Estate: Increase of gross profit from property sales
- Property Brokerage & CRE: Increase of transaction value mainly in retail business

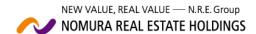


21/3

22/3



(4) FY22/3 Balance sheets



Balance sheets

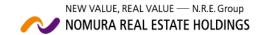
| | As of | As of | Changes |
|--|---------------|---------------|---------|
| (¥bn) | Mar. 31, 2021 | Mar. 31, 2022 | Changes |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 |
| Assets | 1,921.3 | 2,040.5 | +119.1 |
| Current assets | 1,043.3 | 1,126.8 | +83.4 |
| Cash and deposits and others | 71.6 | 69.0 | -2.5 |
| Notes and accounts receivable - trade, and contract assets | 19.6 | 22.0 | +2.3 |
| Inventories | 875.5 | 894.2 | +18.7 |
| Residential Development BU | 463.9 | 458.0 | -5.8 |
| Commercial Real Estate BU | 412.8 | 436.8 | +23.9 |
| Other BU* | 0.0 | 0.0 | +0.0 |
| Adjustments | -1.3 | -0.7 | +0.6 |
| Equity investments | 28.7 | 33.8 | +5.1 |
| Other current assets | 47.7 | 107.6 | +59.8 |
| Non-current assets | 877.9 | 913.7 | +35.7 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 714.2 | 726.3 | +12.1 |
| Office | 533.6 | 523.7 | -9.8 |
| Retail | 81.9 | 95.3 | +13.4 |
| Others | 98.6 | 107.2 | +8.6 |
| Intangible assets | 18.4 | 19.9 | +1.4 |
| Investments and other assets | 145.2 | 167.3 | +22.0 |
| Investment securities | 86.4 | 101.1 | +14.7 |
| Leasehold and guarantee deposits | 27.6 | 30.0 | +2.3 |
| Other non-current assets | 31.2 | 36.1 | +4.9 |

| | As of | As of | Changes |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------|
| (¥bn) | Mar. 31, 2021 | Mar. 31, 2022 | Changes |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 |
| Liabilities | 1,334.9 | 1,419.1 | +84.1 |
| Current liabilities | 269.3 | 357.9 | +88.6 |
| Notes and accounts payable - trade | 61.1 | 80.9 | +19.8 |
| Short-term borrowings | 31.0 | 39.5 | +8.5 |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | 56.0 | 69.0 | +13.0 |
| Commercial papers | _ | _ | _ |
| Current portion of bonds payable | 10.0 | 10.0 | _ |
| Deposits received | 25.1 | 43.8 | +18.7 |
| Other current liabilities | 86.0 | 114.6 | +28.6 |
| Non-current liabilities | 1,065.6 | 1,061.1 | -4.5 |
| Bonds payable | 160.0 | 150.0 | -10.0 |
| Long-term borrowings | 751.5 | 754.2 | +2.7 |
| Leasehold and guarantee deposits received | 58.8 | 59.3 | +0.4 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 95.2 | 97.5 | +2.3 |
| Net assets | 586.3 | 621.3 | +35.0 |
| Total liabilities and net assets | 1,921.3 | 2,040.5 | +119.1 |
| | | | |
| Interest-bearing debt | 1,008.5 | 1,022.7 | +14.2 |
| Shareholders' equity | 583.3 | 618.7 | +35.4 |
| Shareholders' equity ratio | 30.4% | 30.3% | -0.0P |
| Debt/equity ratio | 1.7 | 1.7 | -0.1 |

 $^{^{*}}$ Total of Property & Facility Management Business Unit and Other (including overseas business).

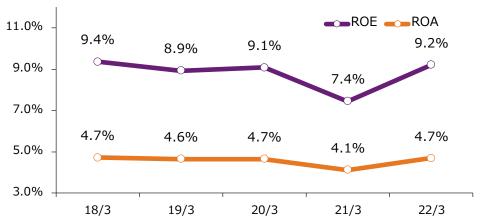


(5) FY22/3 Financial data



ROA/ROE

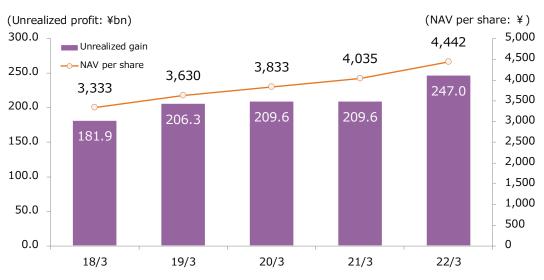
In FY22/3 ROA was 4.7% and ROE was 9.2%. This results exceeded our previous Mid-to long-term Business Plan Phase 1 target of ROA of around 4 to 5% and ROE of around 8 to 9%.



ROA = Business profit / Average assets during the FY ROE = Profit / The average shareholders' equity during the FY

Unrealized profit/NAV (Net Asset Value)

NAV per share was ¥ 4,442(¥407 increase from FY21/3)

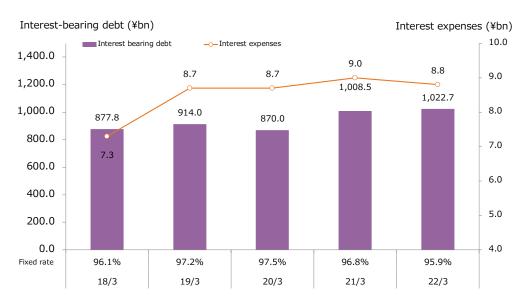


NAV per share=(shareholders' equity + unrealized gains (after deduction of tax)) / the number of shares issued at the end of period (excluding treasury shares)

Unrealized gains (after deduction of tax) = Unrealized gains \times (1-effective tax rate)

Interest-bearing debt/Interest expenses

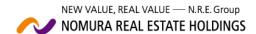
Utilized sustainability finance, etc. Interest-bearing debt was flat.



Shareholders' equity/Shareholders' equity ratio

Shareholders' equity ratio was 30.3%, maintaining the 30% level of our financial discipline.





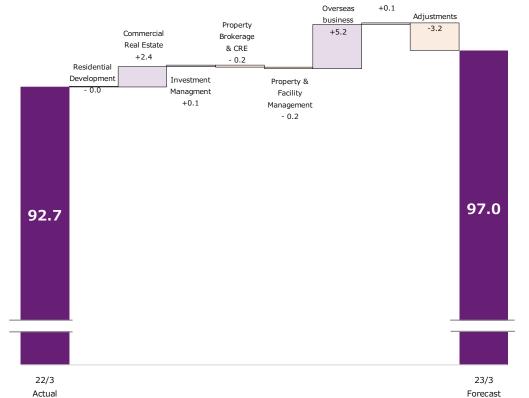
Other

(6) FY23/3 Earnings forecast (Compared to FY22/3)

- Business profit is expected to be ¥97.0 bn with an increase of gross profit from property sales in Commercial Real Estate BU and profit contribution from Overseas business BU.
- Overseas business was changed to an independent segment with the expectation of further profit growth.
- Statements of Income by Business Unit

| | _ | | |
|---|--------|----------|---------|
| | 22/3 | 23/3 | |
| (¥bn) | Actual | Forecast | Changes |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 |
| Operating revenue | 645.0 | 680.0 | +34.9 |
| Residential Development | 309.2 | 325.0 | +15.7 |
| Commercial Real Estate | 202.4 | 210.0 | +7.5 |
| Service & Management | 155.7 | 161.0 | +5.2 |
| Investment Management | 12.8 | 13.0 | +0.1 |
| Property Brokerage & CRE | 43.7 | 44.0 | +0.2 |
| Property & Facility Management | 99.2 | 104.0 | +4.7 |
| Overseas*1 | 2.6 | 4.0 | +1.3 |
| Other*1 | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 |
| Adjustments | -25.1 | -20.0 | +5.1 |
| Business profit*2 | 92.7 | 97.0 | +4.2 |
| Residential Development | 32.5 | 32.5 | -0.0 |
| Commercial Real Estate | 38.5 | 41.0 | +2.4 |
| Service & Management | 28.7 | 28.5 | -0.2 |
| Investment Management | 7.8 | 8.0 | +0.1 |
| Property Brokerage & CRE | 11.7 | 11.5 | -0.2 |
| Property & Facility Management | 9.2 | 9.0 | -0.2 |
| Overseas*1 | 0.2 | 5.5 | +5.2 |
| Other*1 | -0.1 | 0.0 | +0.1 |
| Adjustments | -7.2 | -10.5 | -3.2 |
| Ordinary profit | 82.5 | 85.0 | +2.4 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 55.3 | 57.0 | +1.6 |
| Basic earnings per share (¥) | 307.81 | 321.02 | 13.21 |
| Cash dividends per share (¥) | 97.50 | 110.00 | +12.50 |
| | | | |

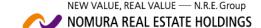
- Main factors for changes in Business Profit (compared to 22/3)
- Commercial Real Estate: Increase of gross profit from property sales.
- Overseas : Increase of the number of housings units sold in Viet Nam.



^{*1} The results for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022 are classified under the new classification.

^{*2} Business profit = operating profit + share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions ©Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. All rights reserved

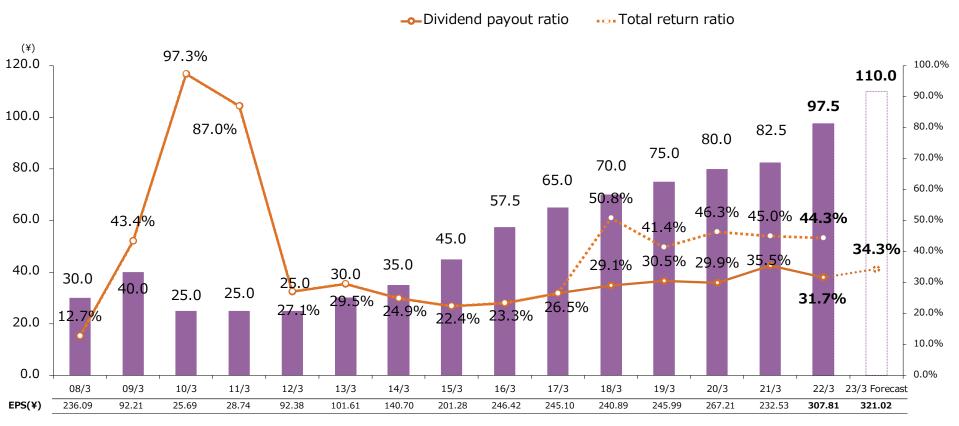




(7) Shareholder returns

- Regarding shareholder return in FY22/3, we decided to increase dividend by ¥7.5 (dividend per share ¥90.0→¥97.5). Dividend increased for 10 consecutive year. Combined with share buybacks, total return ratio was 44.3%.
- ▶ In FY23/3, dividend per share is expected to increased for 11 consecutive year to ¥110.0. Dividend payout ratio is expected to be 34.3%.

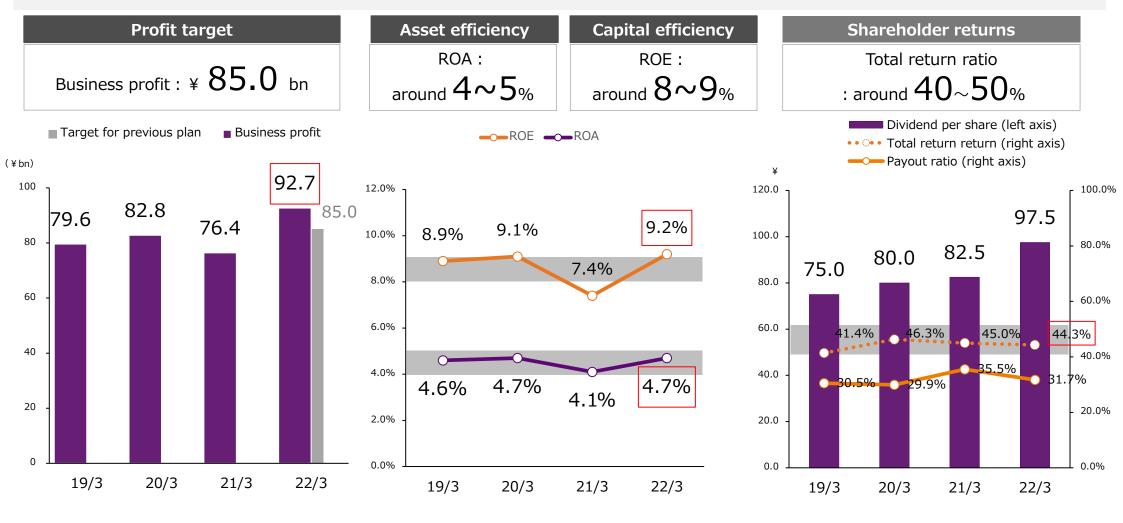
Annual dividend / Total return ratio



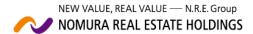
Dividend payout Dividend payout ratio = Dividend per share / EPS, Total return ratio = (Dividend per share + The amount of acquisition of treasury shares per share) / EPS



- (8) Reflection on the Previous Mid- to Long-term Business Plan (Phase I)
- All four indicators of financial targets (in Phase 1) set in the previous Mid- to long-term Business Plan, business profit, ROA, ROE, and total return ratio, were achieved.
- Aim for further growth under the new Mid- to long-term Business Plan while maintaining highly efficient management and a high return policy.



2. Performance highlights by Business Unit

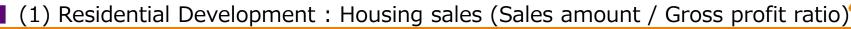


(1) Residential Development : Business outline

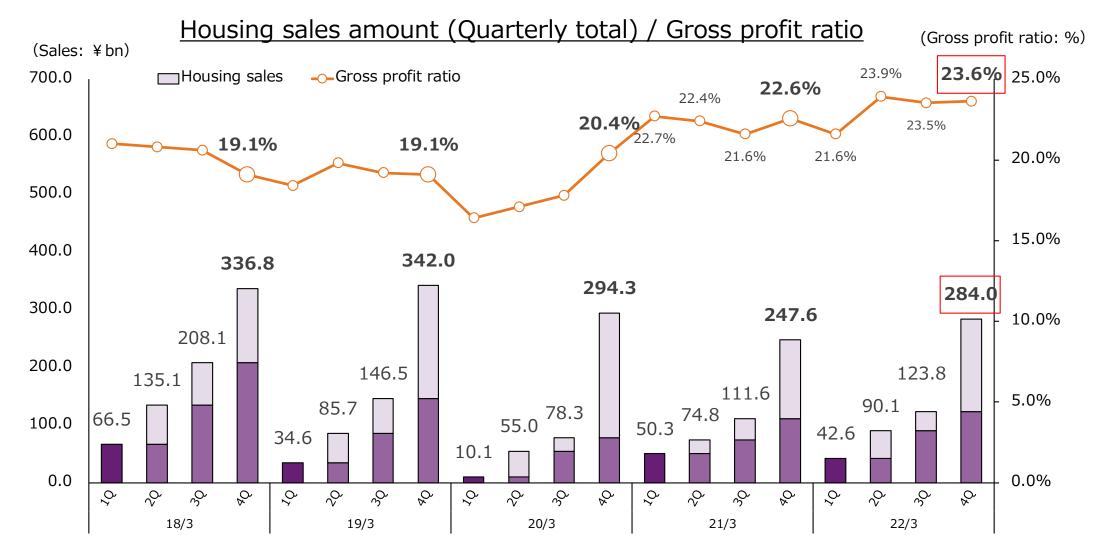
- ▶ The number of housing units sold was 4,329 units (up 660 units YoY) and the gross profit ratio was 23.6% (up 1.1P YoY). Housing sales business progressed steadily with capturing the strong demand for housing stimulated under the COVID-19 environment.
- ▶ In FY23/3, we expect for the same level of sales and to maintain the high gross profit ratio.

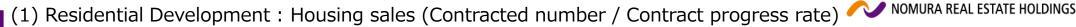
| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 23/3 | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Forecast | Changes |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 | 3 | 3-2 |
| Operating revenue | 272.5 | 309.2 | +36.6 | 325.0 | +15.7 |
| Housing sales | 247.6 | 284.0 | +36.4 | | |
| Rental housing (sales) | 5.0 | 4.1 | -0.9 | | |
| Rental housing (leasing revenue) | 0.9 | 1.5 | +0.5 | | |
| Senior | 0.6 | 0.9 | +0.3 | | |
| Other | 18.3 | 18.5 | +0.2 | | |
| Operating profit | 22.4 | 32.5 | +10.0 | | |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | -0.0 | 0.0 | +0.0 | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions | _ | 0.0 | +0.0 | | |
| Business profit | 22.4 | 32.5 | +10.1 | 32.5 | - 0.0 |
| [Housing sales indicators] | | | | | |
| Housing sales (unit) | 3,669 | 4,329 | +660 | 4,300 | -29 |
| Condominiums | 3,297 | 3,878 | +581 | 3,900 | +22 |
| Detached housing | 372 | 451 | + 79 | 400 | -51 |
| Tokyo metropolitan area | 2,981 | 2,944 | -37 | 2,900 | -44 |
| Osaka metropolitan area | 312 | 496 | +184 | 600 | +104 |
| Other area | 375 | 889 | +514 | 800 | -89 |
| Period-end housing contracted but not sold(unit) | 3,276 | 3,548 | +272 | | |
| Period-end completed housing inventory (unit) | | | | | |
| released for sale | 239 | 130 | -109 | | |
| unreleased | 182 | 253 | +71 | | |
| Average sales price (¥mn) | 67.47 | 65.59 | -1.88 | | |
| Gross profit ratio (%) | 22.6% | 23.6% | +1.1P | | |

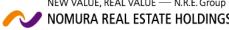
^{*}Rental Housing refers to properties developed for real estate investment market.



- ▶ In FY22/3, sales for housing was ¥284.0 bn. In FY23/3 sales is expected to be ¥280.0 bn, the same level of FY22/3.
- Gross profit ratio was 23.6%. We expect to maintain the high gross profit.



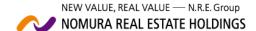




- ► In FY22/3, contracted 4,601 units (up 266 units y/y).
- Contract progress rate was 74.6% against the FY23/3 scheduled housing sales of ¥280.0 bn.
 - Number of housing contracted

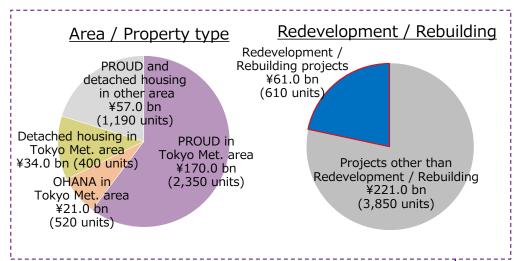
Contract progress rate (against the scheduled housing sales)

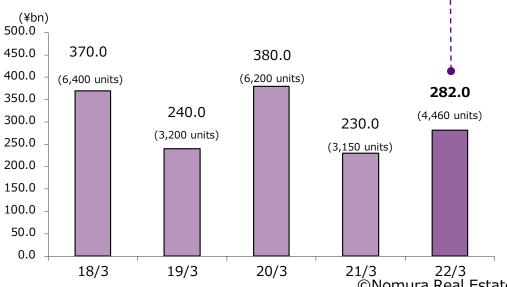




- (1) Residential Development: Housing sales (Land acquisition / Land bank)
- ▶ In FY22/3, acquired land for residential development of ¥282.0 bn (4,460 units)
- We secured land bank, equivalent to ¥1,441.0 bn.

Land acquisition

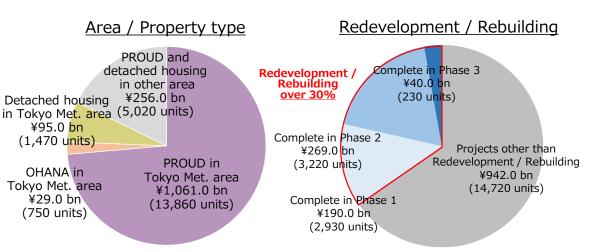




Land bank

¥1,441.0 bn (21,100 units)

including Redevelopment / Rebuilding projects: ¥499.0 bn (6,380 units)··1



Redevelopment / Rebuilding projects under planning : 7,670 units …2

Redevelopment / Rebuilding projects (1+2)
: Total 14,050 units

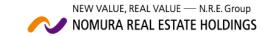
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^{*}Phase I: FY23/3-25/3, Phase II: FY26/3-28/3, Phase II: FY29/3-31/3

^{*}In line with the disclosure of the new Mid- to long-term business plan announced in April 2022, the above is also classified by the new phase.



(1) Residential Development: Housing sales (Rental housing / Senior rental housing)



Rental housing



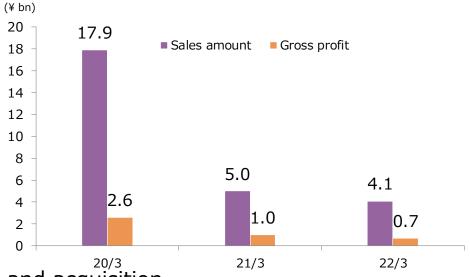
- Properties developed:129 (including plans)
- Properties construction completed/ owned by NRE: 42 (out of 129)

Health promoting senior rental housing



- Properties developed:6 (including plans)
- Properties under operation:4 (out of 6)

Sales and gross profit



Land acquisition

| No. of properties | Total investment |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 9 | ¥20.8bn |

Stock

| Constructi | Construction completed Under developm | | | Under development | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| No. of properties | Balance on BS | No. of properties | Balance on BS | Total investment | No. of properties | Balance on BS | Total investment |
| 15 | ¥35.4bn | 27 | ¥31.9bn | ¥70.3bn | 42 | ¥67.3bn | ¥105.8bn |

Developed / projects under development

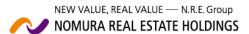
| | Property Name | Location | Openning year | No. of units |
|-----------|-------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|--------------|
| | OUKAS Funabashi | Funabashi-shi, Chiba | 2017 | 125 units |
| Under | OUKAS Makuhari Bay-Park | Chiba-shi, Chiba | 2020 | 141 units |
| operation | OUKAS Kichijoji | Mitaka-shi, Tokyo | 2020 | 116 units |
| | OUKAS Hiyoshi | Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | 2021 | 120 units |
| Before | OUKAS Shiki | Asaka-shi, Saitama | 2023 (plan) | 145 units |
| operation | | | 2023 (plan) | 186 units |



OUKAS Makuhari Bay-Park



OUKAS Kichijoji



(2) Commercial Real Estate: Business outline

- The retail business is recovering from the COVID-19 impact, but still monitoring closely of the impact.
- ▶ The property sales in FY22/3 were in line with expectations. In FY23/3, profit from property sales are expected to exceed that of FY22/3.

| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 23/3 | |
|--|---------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Forecast | Changes |
| On a serbit on the service of the se | 179,2 | 202.4 | ②-① +23.2 | 3 210.0 | 3-2 +7.5 |
| Operating revenue | 47.4 | | -1.9 | 210.0 | +7.5 |
| Leasing (offices) | | 45.4 | | | |
| Leasing (retail facilities) | 11.0 | 12.3 | +1.2 | | |
| Leasing (other) | 5.7 | 4.1 | -1.6 | | |
| Property for sales (sale) | 87.8 | 106.4 | +18.6 | | |
| Property for sales (leasing) | 11.2 | 13.9 | +2.7 | | |
| Fitness | 11.5 | 13.6 | +2.1 | | |
| Other | 4.4 | 6.5 | +2.1 | | |
| Operating profit | 35.1 | 38.2 | +3.1 | | |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for | 0.0 | 0.0 | -0.0 | | |
| using equity method | 0.0 | 0.0 | 0.0 | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions | 0.2 | 0.2 | _ | | |
| Business Profit | 35.4 | 38.5 | +3.1 | 41.0 | +2.4 |
| | | | | | |
| Net lettable area (sqm) | 827,737 | 787,536 | -40,201 | | |
| Offices | 706,771 | 655,663 | -51,108 | | |
| Retail facilities | 120,966 | 131,874 | +10,907 | | |
| Vacancy rate | 5.1% | 6.0% | +0.9P | | |
| Reference Leasing revenue change analysis | | | | | |
| | Changes | Key Factors FOKYO TORANOMON G | LOBAL COLLABE ata | | |
| New and full period operation buildings | +1.5 | TURTU TURANUMUN G | LUDAL SQUAKE EIC. | | |
| Existing buildings | +1.4 | impact reduced in rent | reductions and percenta | age rent reductions in ret | ail facilities |
| Sold and reclassification | -3.4 | | | | |

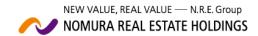
^{*}Leasing refers to revenue from non-current assets including office subleasing.

^{*}Property for sales refers to properties such as office building, retail facility and logistic facility developed for real estate investment market.

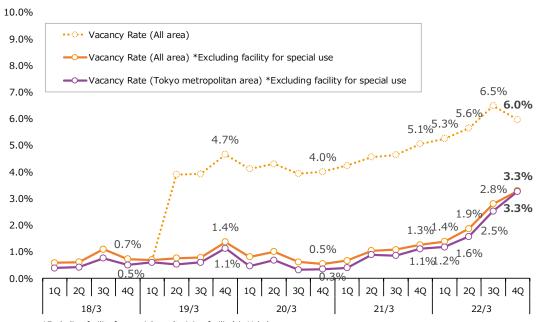
^{*}Regarding to this business unit, in FY22/3 1Q, we incur an extraordinary loss of ¥0.2 bn due to the suspension of operations in fitness clubs etc., caused by the COVID-19. (The amount incurred in FY21/3 was ¥1.5 bn)

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(2) Commercial Real Estate: Leasing

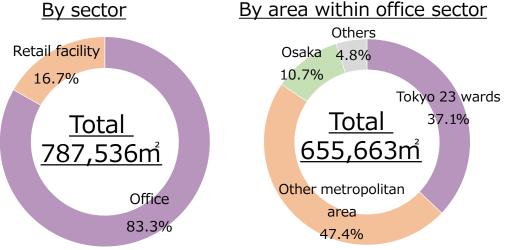


Vacancy rate (excluding inventories)

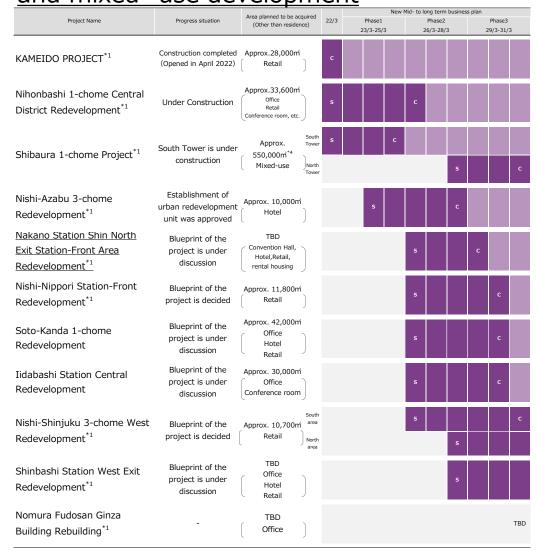


^{*}Excluding facility for special use (training facility) in Yokohama

Net lettable area (excluding inventories)



Major projects of large- scale redevelopment and mixed- use development



S: Start of construction

C: Completion of construction

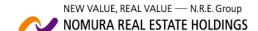
^{*}Vacancy rate change above includes the impact of the net lettable area decrease due to the transfer of properties to inventories and promotion of rebuilding projects.

^{*1} JV projects

^{*2} The underlined parts are new projects in which we have newly participated.

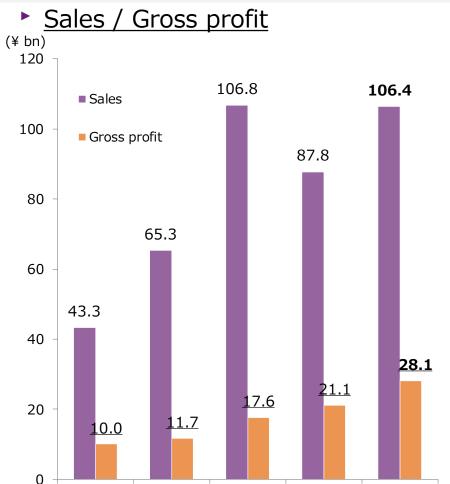
^{*3} All projects are in planning stage and are subject to change.

^{*4} Gross floor area



(2) Commercial Real Estate: Property for sale

- Business progressed steadily as we expected, with sales of ¥106.4 bn and gross profit of ¥28.1 bn.
- Acquired land equivalent to ¥144.5 bn. We continue to expand our business actively mainly in office and logistic facility.



*From FY 20/3, the rental housing business was transferred to Residential Development Business unit. Due to this change, the amount for rental housing are deducted in figures after FY19/3. Figures before FY18/3 includes the amount for rental housing.

20/3

21/3

22/3

18/3

19/3

Land acquisition

| | Acquired Projects | Total investment |
|-----------|-------------------|------------------|
| Office | 6 projects | ¥41.5 bn |
| Retail | 0 projects | ¥0.0 bn |
| Logistics | 5 projects | ¥103.0 bn |
| Total | 11 projects | ¥144.5 bn |

Stock for property for sales

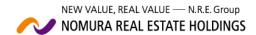
Total ¥743.0 bn (¥436.8 bn out of total is on Balance Sheet)

(¥ bn)

| | Completed | Under development | | To | tal |
|-----------|-----------|-------------------|------------|--------|------------|
| | Amount | Amount | Total | Amount | Total |
| | on BS | on BS | investment | on BS | investment |
| Office | 132.3 | 124.2 | 216.0 | 256.5 | 348.0 |
| Retail | 40.2 | 10.4 | 18.0 | 50.6 | 58.0 |
| Logistics | 69.7 | 46.8 | 253.0 | 116.6 | 323.0 |
| Other | 12.9 | _ | _ | 12.9 | 12.0 |
| Total | 255.2 | 181.5 | 488.0 | 436.8 | 743.0 |

^{*}Total investment amount is rounded down to the nearest ¥1 bn.

^{*}From FY20/3, rental housing (PROUD FLAT) has been transferred to the Residential Development Business Unit and excluded from the figures above. Rental housing had a total stock of ¥105.8 bn and a BS balance of ¥67.3 bn as of the end of FY 22/3. (See p.17 for details)



(3) Investment Management: Business outline

By capturing the growing demands to real estate investment from institutional investors, the AUM increased steadily mainly in private REIT and private funds.

| | | | | | | | <u>Assets unde</u> | r man | agem | ent |
|--|---------|---------|---------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------------------|--|--------------|----------|
| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 23/3 | | <u>-</u> | 100000 01100 | <u>,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> |
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Forecast | Changes | | | | | |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 | 3 | 3-2 | | ☐ Listed REIT | _ | ate REIT | |
| Operating revenue | 12.4 | 12.8 | +0.3 | 13.0 | +0.1 | (¥bn) | ☐ Private funds, etc. | □ Ove | erseas asset | manager |
| Operating profit | 7.2 | 7.5 | +0.2 | | | 2,000.0 | | | | 1,948.0 |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities | _ | | | | | 1,800.0 - | 1,669.4 | 1,798.5 | 1,815.6 | 326.9 |
| accounted for using equity method | | | | | | 1,600.0 - | | 300.6 | 279.1 | |
| Amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions | 0.2 | 0.3 | +0.0 | | | 1,400.0 - | 303.0 1,285.9 | 130.2 | 139.5 | 196.3 |
| Business profit | 7.5 | 7.8 | +0.2 | 8.0 | +0.1 | 1,200.0 - | 76.6 | 236.6 | 278.3 | 304.6 |
| business prone | 713 | 7.10 | 1012 | 0.0 | 1011 | 1,000.0 | 193.9 | | | |
| Assets under management | 1,815.6 | 1,948.0 | +132.4 | | | 800.0 - | | | | |
| Domestic asset manager | 1,536.4 | 1,621.1 | +84.6 | | | 600.0 - | 10740 | 1,131.1 | 1,118.6 | 1,120.1 |
| Listed REIT* | 1,118.6 | 1,120.1 | +1.4 | | | 400.0 - | 1,015.2 1,074.0 | 1,131.1 | 1,110.0 | 1,120.1 |
| Private REIT* | 278.3 | 304.6 | +26.3 | | | 200.0 - | | | | |
| Private funds, etc. | 139.5 | 196.3 | +56.8 | | | 0.0 | | | | |
| Overseas asset manager | 279.1 | 326.9 | +47.7 | | | 0.0 | 18/3 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 |

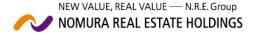
^{*}Assets under management of listed REIT and private REIT is calculated by

Total assets on the balance sheet(excluding unamortized goodwill) at the end of the latest fiscal period of each REIT

⁺ Acquisition price of the assets acquired after the end of the period - Book value at the end of the latest fiscal period of the assets disposed after the end of the period



(3) Investment Management: Business outline





One of the largest diversified type J-REITs

NOMURA REAL ESTATE PRIVATE REIT, INC.

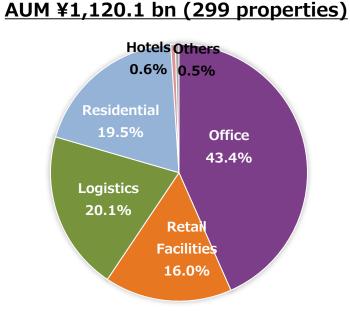
Japan's first private REIT since 2010

AUM ¥304.6 bn (86 properties)

Lothbury Property Trust

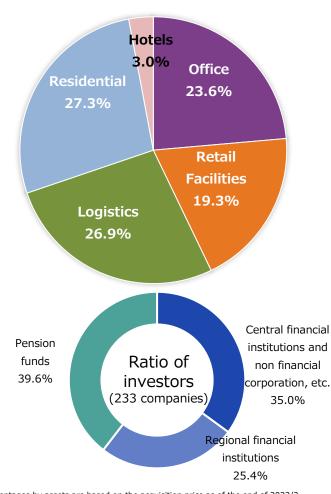
Lothbury's flagship fund, properties are mainly located in London and southeast part of UK

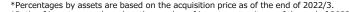
AUM ¥254.5 bn (47 properties)



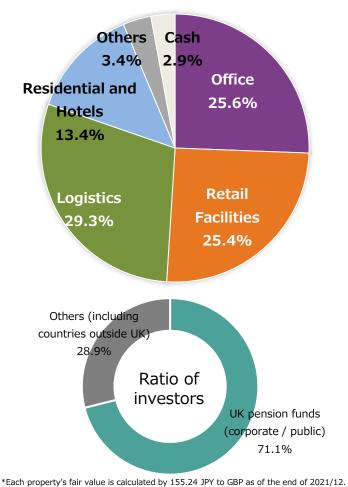
| Portfolio Summary | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|--|--|--|
| Occupancy rate | 98.7% | | | |
| Average NOI yield | 5.0% | | | |
| Average property age | 20.0 years | | | |

^{*}Percentages by assets are based on the acquisition price as of the end of 2022/3.





^{*}Ratio of investors are based on the number of investment units as of the end of 2022/3.



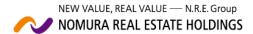
^{*}Portfolio summary is based on the data as of the end of 2022/2(298 properties)

^{*}Percentages by assets are based on the fair value as of the end of 2021/12.

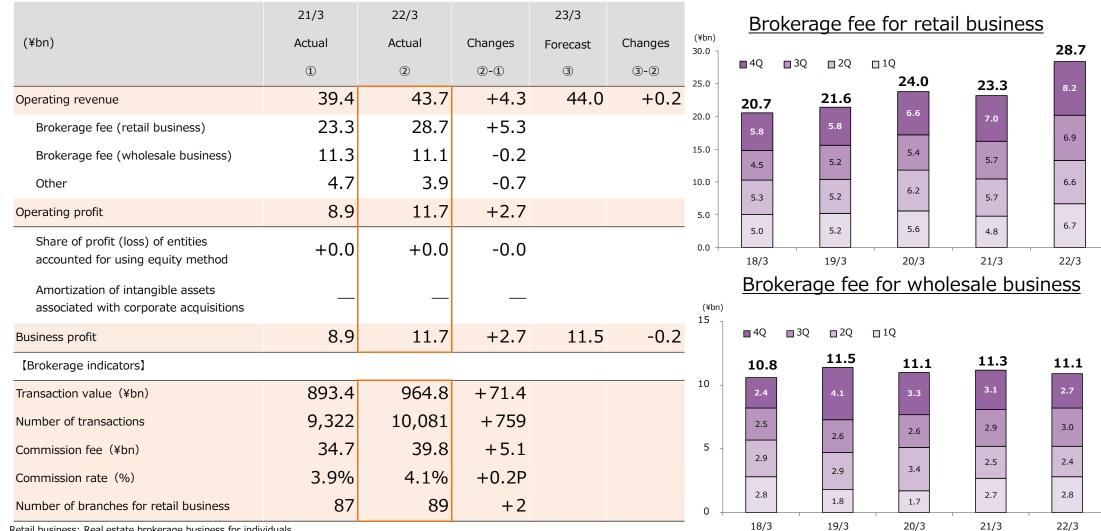
^{*}Ratio of investors are based on the number of investment units as of the end of 2021/12.



(4) Property Brokerage & CRE: Business outline

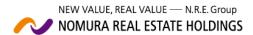


▶ Both transaction value and the number of transactions increased. In addition to the strong retail business, we captured a wide range of customer needs in wholesale business and middle business targeting small and medium-sized enterprises and business owners, etc.





(5) Property & Facility Management: Business outline



- ▶ Due to the impact of the COVID-19, the recording of some construction orders will be changed to FY23/3 or later.
- Operating revenue and business profit progressed steadily with the solid increase of the stocks for housing under management, etc.

| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 23/3 | |
|--|--------|--------|---------|----------|---------|
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Forecast | Changes |
| | 1) | 2 | 2-1 | 3 | 3-2 |
| Operating revenue | 98.3 | 99.2 | +0.8 | 104.0 | +4.7 |
| Property & facility management | 56.7 | 58.2 | +1.4 | | |
| Construction ordered | 35.8 | 35.2 | -0.6 | | |
| Other | 5.7 | 5.7 | +0.0 | | |
| Operating profit | 9.0 | 9.1 | +0.0 | | |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | 0.1 | 0.0 | -0.1 | | |
| Amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions | 0.0 | 0.0 | _ | | |
| Business profit | 9.2 | 9.2 | -0.0 | 9.0 | -0.2 |

| Building under management | 788 | 772 | -16 |
|---------------------------|---------|---------|--------|
| Housings under management | 183,162 | 186,549 | +3,387 |



"SumaiSurfin" Customer Satisfaction Survey 2021

No.1

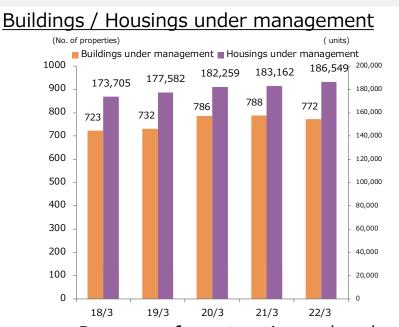
for 13 consecutive years



2021 Oricon Customer Satisfaction Report Condominium management company

No.1

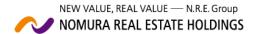
in metropolitan area for 5 consecutive years ©Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. All rights reserved







(6) Overseas: Business outline

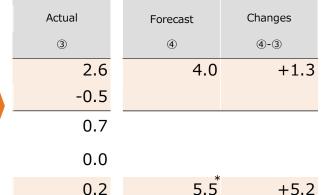


- In FY22/3, we continued new investments with closely monitoring the impact of the infection control measures in each city.
- ▶ In FY23/3, we expect to increase profit with the housing sales project in Viet Nam (share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method), etc.

[Other (Before the segment reclassification, including overseas business)]

| Other (Before the segment reclassification, including overseas business)] | | | | Overseas (a | fter the segn | nent reclass | ification)] |
|---|--------|--------|---------|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| | 21/3 | 22/3 | | 22/3 | 23/3 | | |
| (¥bn) | Actual | Actual | Changes | Actual | Forecast | Changes | |
| | 1 | 2 | 2-1 | 3 | 4 | 4-3 | |
| Na | 2.0 | 2.7 | 106 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 112 | |

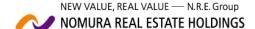
| Operating revenue | 2.0 | 2.7 | +0.6 |
|--|------|------|------|
| Operating profit | -0.7 | -0.7 | +0.0 |
| Share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method | -0.7 | 0.7 | +1.5 |
| Amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions | 0.0 | 0.0 | +0.0 |
| Business profit | -1 4 | 0.0 | +1 5 |



^{*}We expect share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method of approx. 5.5 billion yen.

Business environment in each city

- ▶ Viet Nam / Hanoi and Ho Chi Minh city
- In Ho Chi Minh city, due to the COVID-19 impact, the construction was suspended from July to September, 2021, although it resumed in October. After the resume, the construction is progressing as planned.
- In Hanoi, we are scaling up new projects in response to the strong demand for housing, as we do in Ho Chi Minh city.
- ▶ Thailand / Bangkok
- · We are scaling up projects as capturing the continuing solid housing needs for real demand, including participation in the detached house and townhouse business.
- ▶ the Philippines / Manila
- Activity restrictions were lowered due to a decrease in the number of infection. Sales remained steady due to strong demand.
- ▶ China / Changzhou
- Our local partners' credit-worthiness is high. Currently there is little direct concern about our projects.
- We will continue to promote business with monitoring future trends, such as the Chinese government's policies and overall market demands.



(6) Overseas: Overseas business expansion (projects participated)

Developing business mainly in high-growth Southeast Asia area. Total project cost (our share) approx.
¥554.0 bn is secured.

Housing sales: 26 projects, Total project cost (our share): approx. ¥491.0 bn [Major projects scheduled to be recorded in FY23/3]

| Location | Project | Type of profit or loss | Total number | Our share*3 | Completion |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------|------------|
| Viet Nam (Ho Chi Minh City) | Midtown | Operating profit (loss) | approx. 2,400 units | 250 units | 2019- |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | Ratchayothin B building | Operating profit (loss) | 489 units | 200 units | 2020 |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | On Nut | Operating profit (loss) | 601 units | 250 units | 2020 |
| Viet Nam (Ho Chi Minh City) | Grand Park 2nd period | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | approx. 10,000 units | 3,100 units | 2021 |
| China (Changzhou) | Changzhou II | Operating profit (loss) | approx. 4,300 units | 500 units | 2021- |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | Thong Lo | Operating profit (loss) | 1,236 units | 550 units | 2022 |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | Ratchathew | Operating profit (loss) | 264 units | 100 units | 2022 |
| China (Changzhou) | Changzhou, Tianning | Operating profit (loss) | approx. 2,300 units | 550 units | 2022- |

Midtown, Viet Nam



Grand Park 2nd period, Viet Nam



Ratchayothin B building (Right), Thailand



Leasing: 11 projects, Total project cost (our share): approx. ¥62.0 bn

| Location | Project | Type of profit or loss | Main use | Gross floor area and No. of rooms*4 | Completion |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|
| China (Beijing) | Beijing Fortune Building | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | Office | approx. 55,000m | 1990 |
| Viet Nam (Ho Chi Minh City) | SUN WAH TOWER | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | Office | approx. 32,000m | 1997 |
| Viet Nam (Ho Chi Minh City) | ZEN PLAZA | Operating profit (loss) | Office | approx. 17,000m | 1999 |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | Thong Lo | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | SA | 303 rooms | 2019 |
| the Philippines (Manila) | Sunshine Fort | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | Retail | approx. 28,000m | 2022 |
| Thailand (Bangkok) | Sukhumvit 24 | Share of loss (profit) of entities accounted for using equity method | SA | 411 rooms | 2023 |
| the United Kingdom (London) | 127-133 Charing Cross Road | Operating profit (loss) | Office | approx. 5,200㎡* ⁵ | 2024 |
| the Philippines | Federal Land NRE Global 4 projects | TBD | Retail, Office, etc. | TBD | TBD |

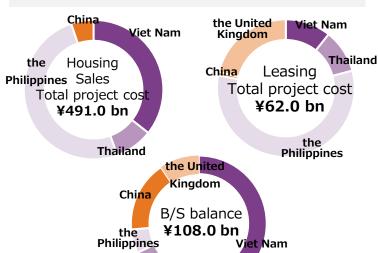
*1 All projects (including project name) are in planning stage and are subject *3 The number of our share is rounded down to the nearest 50 units. Our share partially to change.

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[Total project cost (our share)]

approx. ¥554.0 bn

(¥108.0 bn out of total is on Balance Sheet)



(Reference)

Depending on the participation type in the project, our share of the project, and other reasons, the investment may be accounted for as equity investment or share of entities accounted for using equity method.

Thailand

| asing equity interious | |
|--|--|
| Equity investment | Share of entities accounted for using equity method. |
| Operating profit or loss (Equity investment profit (loss)) | Non-operating profit or loss (Share of profit (loss) of entities) |

Business profit

(Operating profit + share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions)

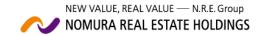
^{*2} Total project cost (our share) and B/S balance for projects scheduled to be booked in FY23/3 and thereafter are rounded down to the nearest ¥1 bn. Total project cost (our share) for projects scheduled to be recorded in multiple fiscal years is the total project cost for the entire period.

^{*4} Floor area and No. of rooms are for the entire project.

^{*5} Area after refurbishment of existing property.



(6) Overseas: Establishment of a joint venture company in the Philippines



- Established a joint venture company for the real estate business with GT Capital Group, a major company in the Philippines (Our equity ratio 34%).
- ► As for total project cost, we estimate approx. ¥770.0 bn (for the initial 4 projects), and aim for mid- to long-term business growth expansion in the country.
- Approx. ¥270.0 bn of the total project cost is estimated for the cost for the first 10 years.



66%

<GT Capital> https://www.gtcapital.com.ph/ The GT Capital Group, whose core business is commercial bank (MetroBank), develops various businesses including finance, automobiles, and real estate development.

NRE/Federal Land (FLI) JV project (work in progress)



Sunshine Fort

Main use: Residence:

approx.1,400 units (our share 250)

Retail facility:

Gross floor area approx.28,000 m

Construction/opening: Residence 2023-,

Retail facility 2022-

Participating companies: NRE, FLI, Mitsukoshi

Isetan Holdings



34%

New company Federal Land NRE Global, Inc.

FLI and NRE collaborated to

build a stable and sustainable business foundation.

We aim to create a number one brand in by exercising both strengths

FLI Management resources and local know-how

- The GT Capital Group's business infrastructure, its abundant land for development
- •Expertise of local real estate development

NRE know-how provision

- ·Advanced technology, quality and cost management skills developed in
- Brand strategy know-how

Initial 4 project

Total project area approx. 250ha, Total project cost approx. ¥770.0 bn

Mandaluyong



- •Residence: approx. 4,700 units Retail facility: 49,570m Office: 18,005m
- ·Construction is planned to start ·Construction is planned from 2024

Metro Park



·Residence: approx. 1,600 units Retail facility: 23,449m Office: 13,824 m

to start from 2024

(Our share approx. ¥ 260.0 bn) **Cavite**



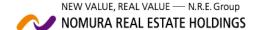
·Residence/ Residential area development: approx. 42,000 units Retail facility: 110.337m Office: 653,613m

·Construction is planned to start from 2025



to start from 2025

·Condominium: approx. 940 units Retail facility:18,306m Construction is planned



- (6) Overseas: Overseas business expansion (strategy)
- ▶ In overseas, implements initiatives by utilizing our expertise gained in Japan.
- Expand business continuously by strengthening the connections with local partners and increasing the added value of the properties.

High added value strategy in overseas business

Implements various initiatives by utilizing expertise gained in domestic business

Offer high added value in properties (sales price increase, cost reduction, trouble prevention etc.)

Continuously acquire business opportunity

Business risk reduction

<u>Initiatives (examples in residential development)</u>

Development phase

Main

initiative

Product planning

- Propose product concept
- Create building plan

Building design

- Improve design(KAIZEN)
- Select designer

Sales

- · Design showroom
- Introduce Japanese style sales system

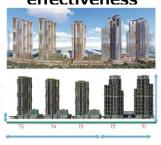
Construction

- On-site improvement(KAIZEN)
- introduce construction manual

Added value

Example

Increase product
attractiveness
Improve development
effectiveness



Building plan

Improve design quality Reduce construction cost



(Design improvement KAIZEN)

Shorten sales schedule Increase sales price



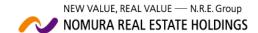
Showroom

Avoid significant defectiveness Secure quality and function



On-site visit (on-site improvement KAIZEN)

3. Sustainability



(1) Sustainability Policy, Materiality / KPI

- Established sustainability policy (vision of 2050) in September, 2021.
- Set materiality and KPI as a priority issue to 2030(FY31/3).

Sustainability Policy

Earth Pride

| Pursuing hun | manity | Maintaining harmony with nature | | | Building t | he future together |
|-----------------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--|------|------------|--------------------|
| Materiality for 2030 | | | | | | |
| Society and | d employees | | Climate change and natural environment | | | |
| Diversity & inclusion | Human ri | ghts Decarbo | onization | Biod | liversity | Circular design |

Targets and Initiatives in the Group

<Strengthening promotion foundation>

- Respect for the human rights of our employees and all people involved in our business
- Engagement with business partners based on the Nomura Real Estate Group Human Rights Policy
- Create an organization in which diverse personnel with a variety of backgrounds and values can demonstrate their abilities
- Initiatives aimed at co-creation of diverse organizations and human resources within and outside the company
- Establish the Wellness and D&I Management Committee (Chair: Group CEO)
- Establish the D&I Management Sect. in the Human Resources Development Dept. as the dedicated management organization

<Reduction of total CO2 emissions by 2030 (Science Based Target : 35% reduction)>

- Improve energy conservation performance in new buildings (ZEH/ZEB Oriented standards)
- Implement renewable energy solar power plants in our development properties to achieve RE100 (detached housing, Landport, etc.)
- Initiatives for carbon neutrality through urban development such as Shibaura 1-chome Project
- Promote use of low-carbon materials (timber-based buildings, etc.)
- Initiatives to conserve biodiversity and absorb carbon dioxide through greening of urban areas and forest circulation activities, etc.
- Further efforts to develop products and services to realize a circular economy (building longevity, waste reduction and recycling, etc.) such as "Attractive 30" for extending the cycle of large-scale repair work.

- (2) Climate change and natural environment (CO2 emission reduction) <equation-block>
- Set a target of 35% reduction in CO2 emissions. Aim to achieve ZEH / ZEB oriented standards.
- ▶ In FY21/3, total CO₂ emissions decreased due to temporary factors including COVID-19 impact. We are continuing our efforts to reduce emissions.
- Joined the RE100 in January, 2022.
- Climate change / CO2 emission reduction target

| Target | Base year compared to FY20/3 | Base year performance |
|--------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| year | • Scope1,2: reduce 35% | 150,000 t-CO2 |
| FY31/3 | · Scope3* : reduce 35% | 3,172,000 t-CO2 |

^{*} Reduction targets are category 1 (purchased goods and services), category 11 (use of sold products).

Target for renewable electricity*

The power consumption in the Group will be **100% renewable electricity** by 2050

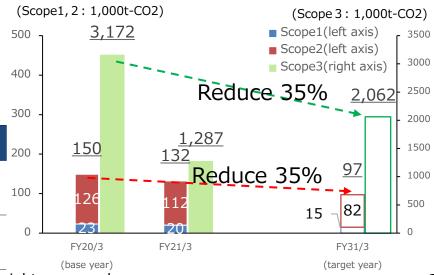
Switching electricity consumed by all leasing properties owned by NRE to **100% renewable electricity** by FY24/3

Our business and Scope 1, 2, 3

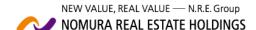
| | Our relevant business |
|---------------------------------|---|
| Scope1, 2 (Direct emissions) | Leasing businessService & Management Sector |
| Scope3 (Indirect emissions) | Property sales business (housing sales, property for sales) |



CO2 emission reduction (Scope1,2,3) plan



 $^{^{}st}$ Electricity in Scope 1 and 2



(2) Climate change and natural environment (ZEH-M business)

- ▶ PROUD Takadanobaba, which was selected as high-rize ZEH-M support project was completed in May, 2021.
- We offer various housing units to respond to the household diversification.



PROUD Takadanobaba

Location: Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo

Access: 4 min walk from Takadanobaba station

Total units: 135 units

Construction completed: May, 2021

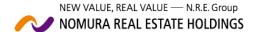
- The condominium is equipped with a wholehouse air-conditioning system called "Yukai-full" and, "Attractive 30" which reduces the cost of large-scale repair work, to provide an environmentally friendly residence.
- Considering the household diversification, location and area attributes, there are various housing units, not just family types but also compact types mainly with 2 bedrooms.

ZEH-M business examples

| Name | No. of units | Our share | Completion | ZEH type |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|--|
| PROUD Takadanobaba | 135 units | 135 units | 2021/5 | High-rise ZEH-M support project |
| PROUD TOWER Kameido Cross (Gate Tower) | 452 units | 384 units | 2022/1 | Super high-rise ZEH-M demonstration project |
| PROUD TOWER Umedatoyosaki | 126 units | 126 units | 2023/2 (plan) | Super high-rise ZEH-M demonstration project |
| PROUD Musashishinjo Station Marks | 109 units | 109 units | 2023/4 (plan) | High-rise ZEH-M Oriented support project |
| PROUD Kagurazaka Hill Top | 75 units | 75 units | 2023/7 (plan) | High-rise ZEH-M support project |
| PROUD CITY Musashiurawa Station Arena | 277 units | 231 units | 2024/2 (plan) | High-rise ZEH-M support project |



(3) Society and Employees



► The Group aims to provide Wellness Management so that all of its executives and employees can work energetically in good physical and mental health.

Wellness management

Employee Happiness and Corporate Growth

We realize employee happiness and corporate growth through work style reforms and diversity management.

Work style reforms

- Enhance work-life balance by improving productivity which leads to increased employee happiness and motivation
- Become a corporate group that contributes to employee growth and satisfaction

Diversity

- Build an environment where each person can maximize their abilities
- Cultivate a work climate that accepts and expresses diverse values

Wellness

in good physical and mental health = our fundamental policy

Major Non financial targets for Wellness Management

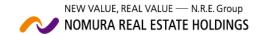
By FY31/3

- \cdot Female manager and junior manager ratio: over *20%
- · Childcare leave ratio: 100%
- Rate of employment of persons with disabilities: 2.4%
- Employee absentee rate: 0% etc.

| Result | FY19/3 | FY20/3 | FY21/3 |
|---|------------|-------------|-------------|
| Female manager and junior manager ratio* (%) | 10.05 | 10.33 | 11.19 |
| Childcare leave (person) Figures in parentheses are men | 178 (6) | 253 (10) | 289 (28) |
| Rate of employment of persons with disabilities (%) | 1.96 | 2.02 | 2.05 |
| Employee absentee rate (%) | 0.37 | 0.29 | 0.41 |

^{*}Female manager and junior management ratio: Female manager + female management candidate / All manager + all management candidate

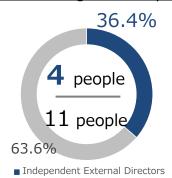
Governance



Corporate Governance (As of April 1, 2022)

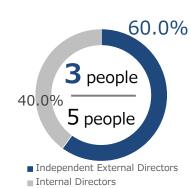
- · Company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee
- · Out of 11 directors, 4 are independent external directors
- Chairman of the Board of Directors is a non-executive director
- · Chairman of Advisory Committee Relating to Nominations and Compensation is an independent external director
- Majority of the members of the Audit & Supervisory Committee and the Advisory Committee Relating to Nominations and Compensation are independent external directors

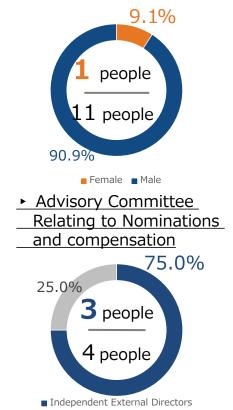
► Board of Directors Percentage of Independent Directors/Female Directors





Audit & Supervisory Committee





Compensation of Officers

- Established a system that considers medium- to long term results. This reflects the real estate business characteristics, which has a long business period.
- Combined fixed compensation (base compensation) and variable compensation (bonus and share-based compensation(PS, RS)).
- · Evaluates performance related to sustainability.
- Evaluation index for share-based compensation is business profit and ROE.

Compensation system overview*1

▶ Base compensation

Compensation: cash (determined in accordance with the role and specific type of director position)

▶Bonus

Compensation: cash

Performance evaluation: Business profit, mid- to long term

implementation. Sustainability initiatives, etc.

▶ Share-based compensation (Performance Share portion: PS)

Compensation: share

Vesting period: 3 years after the target fiscal year Evaluation: Based on performance after 3 years

(evaluation index: business profit, ROE)

▶ Share-based compensation (Restricted Stock portion: RS)

Compensation: share

Vesting period: when a director or an officer resigns

*1: Compensation system for Executive Officers for our group

*2: Applicable to some group directors.





(5) External evaluation / Signatures and agreement on initiatives

► Inclusion in ESG index

Included in all five ESG indexes for Japanese stock investment adopted by GPIF.

*From April 1, 2022, included in new index, FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index.

<Index adopted by GPIF>

2021 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN ESG SELECT LEADERS INDEX

2021 CONSTITUENT MSCI JAPAN EMPOWERING WOMEN INDEX (WIN)



FTSE Blossom Japan



FTSE Blossom Japan Sector Relative Index



<Other main index>





Signatures and agreement on initiatives

Joined the RE100 in February, 2022











RE100

CLIMATE GROUP



ESG evaluation

| CDP Climate change | Sustainalytics | GRESB disclosure evaluation | |
|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Α- | 17.7 | Α | |

Publications

Integrated report



Sustainability report



^{*}The inclusion of Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. in any MSCI INDEX, and the use of MSCI logos, trademarks, service marks or index names herein, do not constitute a sponsorship, endorsement or promotion of Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. by MSCI or any of its affiliates. The MSCI indexes are the exclusive property of MSCI. MSCI and the MSCI index names and logos are trademarks or service marks of MSCI or its affiliates.

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S

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whole

(6) Sustainability initiatives (history)

Steadily implementing sustainability and ESG initiatives since listed on the Tokyo stock exchange in October 2006.

• NREH was listed on the Tokyo stock exchange (2006)

Signed the United Nations Global Compac



Established Sustainability Policy (2050) and Materiality/KPI (2030)

Issued our first sustainability bond

• Set four key themes and two promotion foundations for sustainability

• Established the CSR Committee (Currently the Sustainability Committee) (2011)

2006 2021 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

• Formulated the Group Environmental Philosophy (2010)

Announced the target of CO₂ emissions (for scope 1 and 2)

> Agreed to TCFD Recommendations

Joined RE100

RE100

CLIMATE GROUP

Concluded sustainability

linked loan

44-CDP



Approved by SBT initiative (Set the target including Scope 3)



Established the Diversity Promotion Committee (2012)

Adopted the first

(2013)

external director

Launched the Work Style **Reform Promotion Committee** Launched the Group Wellness Promotion Committee



Awarded "New Diversity Management Selection 100"

Group's five companies were selected under the Certified as White 500

Established Human Rights Policy

Disclosed non-financial

 Developed the idea of 100 Common Space Design Patterns for the Condominium Complex

Annouced "BE UNITED CONCEPT" (developing ACTO)

 Implemented performance-based stock incentive plan

targets for human resources

 Transitioned to a company with an Audit & Supervisory Committee

DIVERSITY MANAGEMENT SELECTION 100

Established Advisory Committee

Relating to Nominations and Compensation

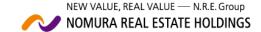
Started an assessment of effectiveness of the Board of Directors
 Implemented an assessment of effectiveness by

third party evaluation institution ©Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. All rights reserved

Independent External Director was appointed as the chairman of the Advisory Committee Relating to **Nominations and Compensation**

> **New Topics after** FY22/3

36



(7) Sustainability finance

- Accelerate fund procurement considering sustainability factors to diversify funding methods.
- Our target is to procure approx. ¥200.0 bn over the next five years through new loans and refinancing.

| Sustainability | <u> Bond (</u> | <u>(issued on</u> | Feb., 2 | 021) |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|---------|------|
| | | | | |

| Issue size | ¥10.0 bn |
|--|--|
| Issue schedule | Feb. 26, 2021 |
| Third party evaluation (external evaluation) | Vigeo Eiris Japan Credit Rating Agency (JCR) Rating and Investment Information (R&I) |
| Use of funds | Green project, social project |

► Sustainability linked loan (concluded on Jul., 2021)

| Procured amount |
|--|
| Procurement schedule |
| Third party evaluation (external evaluation) |
| Feature |

¥43.5 bn (28 financial institutions) *as of the end of March, 2022

After Jul. 2021

Rating and Investment Information (R&I)

- Utilize "Comprehensive sustainability linked loan (SLL) Framework" for the first time in Japan.
- Established a system that includes a target to reduce CO2 emissions and by achieving this, preferential interest rates will be applied.

 Sustainability Certification Loan (concluded in Mar., 2022)

| (concluded i | <u> </u> |
|---|---|
| Issue size | ¥1.5 bn |
| Procurement schedule | March 31, 2022 |
| Loan Details | DBJ Employee Health Management Rated Loan Program* |
| Evaluation organization and content of evaluation | Development Bank of Japan Employee Health Management Rating: The highest rating "Companies with excellent advanced initiatives to |
| evaluation | |

Employee's Health

Management"

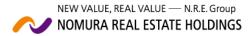
Our target is to procure approx. **¥200.0 bn** in sustainability finance over the next five years, including new loans and refinancing of existing loans.

^{*} Loans based on assessment for Employees' Health Management (Physical and mental health, Flexible and diverse styles of work, etc.) and employee engagement (job satisfaction)

4. Reference materials

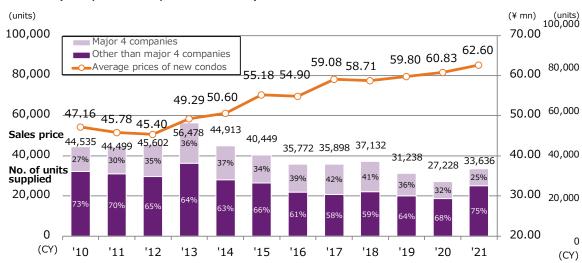


(1) Business environment: Residential market



The number of new condos and housing prices

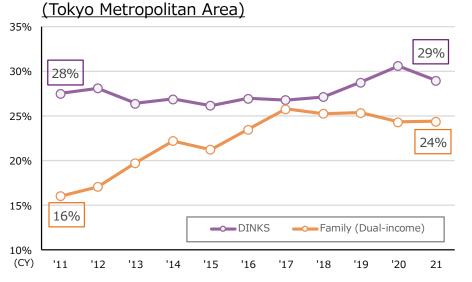
(Tokyo Metropolitan Area)



Source by Real Estate Economic Institute Co., Ltd

Major 4 companies; NRE, Sumitomo Realty & Development Co., Ltd., Mitsui Fudosan Co., Ltd., Mitsubishi Estate Co., Ltd.

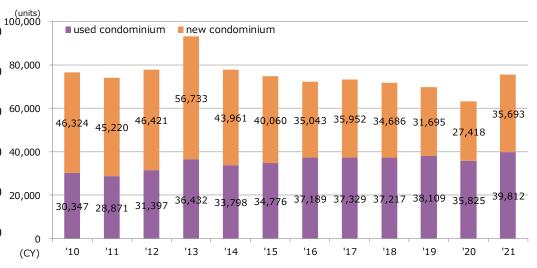
Dual-income ratio of buyers of new condos



Source by NREH based on SUUMO of the survey of Tokyo Metropolitan Area's new condos contractors trend in 2020

The contract number of new and used condominiums

(Tokyo Metropolitan Area)



Source by NREH based on Real Estate Economic Institute Co., Ltd, Reins

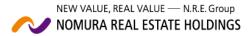
Construction cost and land price



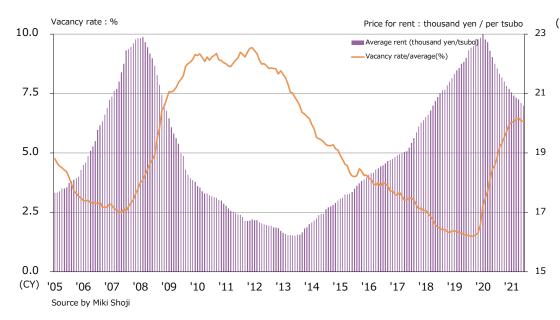
Source by Construction Research Institute, Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.



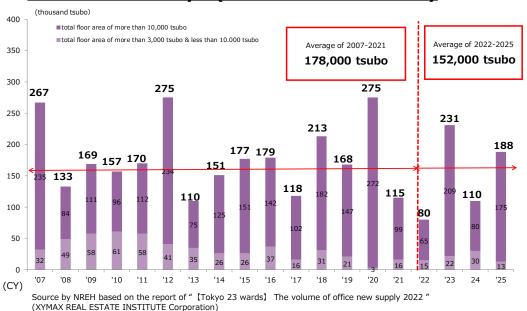
(1) Business environment: Office market



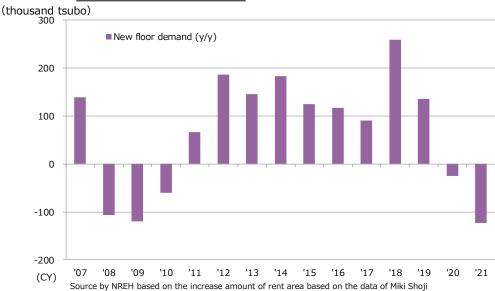
Rent and vacancy rate in Tokyo central five wards



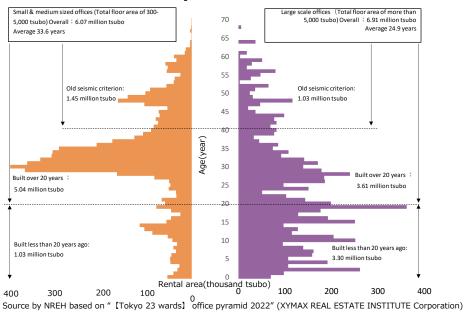
The outlook for the new supply of office space in 23 wards of Tokyo (based on rental area)



An increasing trend in Tokyo central five wards' office rental area



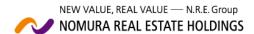
The distribution of office building age in 23 wards of Tokyo





*JV projects

(2) Residential Development: Upcoming projects



Major projects

| Schedule for sales | Property name | Location | Total number of housings | Our share |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| FY20/3- | PROUD CITY Hiyoshi* | Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | 1,318 units | 1,081 units |
| FY22/3- | PROUD TOWER Kameido Cross* | Koto-ku, Tokyo | 934 units | 793 units |
| FY23/3 | PROUD Nerima Nakamurabashi Marks | Nerima-ku, Tokyo | 186 units | 186 units |
| FY23/3 | PROUD Utsunomiya | Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi | 110 units | 110 units |
| FY23/3- | PROUD Tower Shibaura | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 421 units | 421 units |
| FY24/3 | PROUD Kagurazaka Hill Top | Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo | 75 units | 75 units |
| FY24/3- | PROUD Tower Meguro MARC* | Shinagawa-ku, Tokyo | 301 units | 210 units |
| FY25/3- | Sagami ohno project | Sagamihara-shi, Kanagawa | 686 units | 686 units |
| FY25/3- | Jingumae 6-chome project | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 76 units | 76 units |



PROUD TOWER Kameido Cross

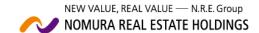
Major projects (redevelopment and rebuilding)

| Schedule | Property name | Location | Total number | Our share |
|-----------------------|--|------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| for sales | · · · | | of housings | |
| FY21/3- | PROUD TOWER Musashi-Koganei Cross | Koganei-shi, Tokyo | 613 units | 613 units |
| FY21/3- | Mihama City Kemigahama* | Chiba-shi, Chiba | 886 units | 567 units |
| FY22/3- | PROUD TOWER Higashi-Ikebukuro Station Arena | Toshima-ku, Tokyo | 193 units | 193 units |
| FY23/3- | Shirokane The Sky* | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 770 units | 116 units |
| FY23/3- | PROUD Hankyu Tsukaguchi Station-Front | Amagasaki-shi, Hyogo | 415 units | 415 units |
| FY23/3- | PROUD TOWER Kawaguchi Cross | Kawaguchi-shi, Saitama | 450 units | 450 units |
| FY23/3- | PROUD TOWER Koiwa First* | Edogawa-ku, Tokyo | 515 units | 309 units |
| FY25/3 | Shuwa Aoyama Residence rebuilding project | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 72 units | 40 units |
| FY25/3 | Hirai 5-chome Station-Front area redevelopment* | Edogawa-ku, Tokyo | 274 units | 192 units |
| after FY26/3 | Minami-Ikebukuro 2-chome C District Redevelopment* | Toshima-ku, Tokyo | 551 units | 371 units |
| after FY26/3 | Okayama-shi Ekimaecho 1-chome District Redevelopment* | Okayama-shi, Okayama | approx.370 units | approx. 310 units |
| after FY26/3 | Tsukishima 3-chome south District Redevelopment* | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | approx. 580 units | approx. 230 units |
| after FY26/3 | Toyomi District Redevelopment* | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 1,540 units | 269 units |
| after FY26/3 | Nishi-Azabu 3-chome Redevelopent* | Minato-ku, Tokyo | approx. 340 units | approx. 280 units |
| after FY26/3 (TBD) | Nishi-Shinjuku 3-chome west District Redevelopment* | Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo | TBD | TBD |





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(2) Residential Development: Residential Development in local core cities

Utilizing our expertise gained in the metropolitan area to local core cities including Shinkansen stop station.

Creating compact cities in local areas, where the aging and decreasing population occurs rapidly compared to the Tokyo metropolitan area.

| Ma | jor | Pro | jects | in | progress | |
|----|-----|-----|-------|----|----------|--|
| | | | | | | |

| No. | Project Name | Location | Main use | No. of residential units in total (plan) | |
|-----|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|--|
| 1 | Mishima Station South Exit* | Mishima-shi, Shizuoka | Residence, Retail, etc. | Approx. 300 | |
| 2 | Okayama-shi Ekimaecho 1- chome* | Okayama-shi, Okayama | Residence, Retail, Hotel, Office Convention hall | ' Approx. 370 | |
| 3 | Kouyamachi / Miyukicho District* | Shizuoka-shi, Shizuoka | Residence, Retail, Office | Approx. 250 | |
| 4 | Fukushima Station East Exit | Fukushima-shi, Fukushima | Residence, Office, Retail, Hotel, Public facility | Approx. 100 | |
| 5 | Utsunomiya Station East Exit* | Utsunomiya-shi, Tochigi | Residence, Retail, Hotel, Medical facility, Exchange base facility, Exchange open space | 110 | |
| 6 | Matsuyama-shi Minatomachi* | Matsuyama-shi, Ehime | Residence, Retail, etc. | Approx. 200 | |
| 7 | Katamachi 4-bangumi Sea side | Kanazawa-shi, Ishikawa | Residence, Retail, Hotel | Approx. 50 | |
| 8 | Tarumi Central East | Kobe-shi, Hyogo | Residence, Retail | Approx. 250 | |
| 9 | Takasaki Station East Exit | Takasaki-shi, Gunma | Residence, Office, Retail, Public facility, etc. | Approx. 220 | |
| 10 | Koriyama Station Front 1- chome | Koriyama-shi, Fukushima | Residence, Medical center | Approx. 150 | |
| 11 | Nagasaki-shi Hamacho District* | Nagasaki-shi, Nagasaki | TBD | TBD | |
| 12 | Hondori 3-chome District | Hiroshima-shi, Hiroshima | TBD | TBD | |
| *J | *JV projects | | | | |

Project Completed & Sold PROUD TOWER Akashi (216 units /FY17/3) Our previous focus area Shinkansen route map Our project involved area

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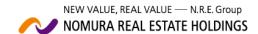
Number of members:

approx. 222,000 people

Number of offices: 216 including

2,248 companies /

affiliated offices



(3) Commercial Real Estate: Office portfolio strategy

- Workplaces are decentralized due to working from home and teleworking is increasing. The role of office is changing variously.
- Offering the best combination of offices for the companies that use them including the combination of PMO+H¹O.

Satellite/Share **Small Medium** Large TOKYO TORANOMON GLOBAL SQUARE, Shibaura 1-chome Project etc. Medium-sized Large-sized office Satellite shared office Small office with services high-grade office H^1O $H^{1}T$ **PMO** Operational business Property sales business Leasing business **Business** (operational revenue) (development profit) (leasing profit) Model Incorporate in developed Develop H¹O property/ Type property's floors Incorporate in NRE's building Develop PMO property Mix-use development/ (Leasing NRE and other and developed property's Develop entire property company's property's floors) floors

Number of properties including

planned ones: 15

Number of properties including

planned ones: 70

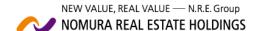
TOKYO TORANOMON GLOBAL

used development with a focus

on redevelopment projects

SQUARE started operation in July

2020. Promoting large-scale mix-



(3) Commercial Real Estate: Large-scale mix development

Shibaura 1-chome Project



Location: Minato-ku, Tokyo

Area scale:

South tower (S tower)-43 floors with 3 basement, approx. 235m North tower (N tower) -45 floors with 3 basement, approx. 235m

Land area: about 40,000m

Gross floor area: about 550,000m Main use: Office, retail, hotel , residence

Start of construction(including demolition):FY22/3(Stower), FY28/3(Ntower)

Completion of construction: FY25/3(Stower) FY31/3(Ntower)
Main participating companies: Nomura Real Estate, East Japan Railway

Redevelopment of Nihonbashi 1-chome central district



Location: Chuo-ku, Tokyo

Area scale: 52 floors above ground, 5 basement floors, approx. 284m

(C block)

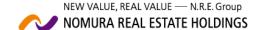
Land aréa: approx. 18,990m Gross floor area: about 380,300m

Main use: Office, retail, hotel, residence, conference center

Start of construction: FY21/3 Completion of construction: FY26/3

Main participating companies: Nomura Real Estate, Mitsui Fudosan,

Nomura Holdings



(3) Commercial Real Estate: Office

Medium-sized high-grade office

PREMIUM MIDSIZE OFFICE

similar quality and specification as large-scale "class A" office building

Properties developed: 70 (including plans)

Properties under development / Owned by NRE : 37 (out of 70)





PMO EX Shin osaka

PMO Kojimachi

<Projects completed and progressing in FY22/3>

| | Name | Location | Completion |
|----|--|-------------------|----------------|
| 1 | PMO EX Shin osaka | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2021/5 |
| 2 | PMO Kojimachi | Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | 2021/6 |
| 3 | PMO Yotsubashi hommachi | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2022/3 |
| 4 | PMO Jinbocho | Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo | 2022/5 (plan) |
| 5 | PMO Tamachi IV | Minato-ku,Tkyo | 2022/6 (plan) |
| 6 | PMO Tamachi III | Minato-ku,Tokyo | 2022/7 (plan) |
| 7 | PMO EX Nihonbashi kayabacho | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 2022/7 (plan) |
| 8 | PMO Hachobori IV | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 2022/8 (plan) |
| 9 | PMO EX Yodoyabashi | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2022/12 (plan) |
| 10 | PMO Yodoyabashi (tentative name) | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2023/8 (plan) |
| 11 | PMO EX Honmachi 3-chome (tentative name) | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2025/3 (plan) |

Small office with services

H10
HUMAN FIRST OFFICE

meet the needs of workers in a small team

Properties developed: 15*(including plans)

Properties under development / owned by NRE : 15^* (out of 15)



H¹O Aoyama

*including properties that entire building is H¹O and part of the building is H¹O

< Projects completed and progressing in FY22/3>

| | Name | Location | Completion |
|---|---|-------------------|---------------|
| | H¹O Nihonbashi Kayabacho* | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 2022/7 (plan) |
| 2 | H¹O Aoyama | Shibuya-ku, Tokyo | 2022/8 (plan) |
| 3 | H¹O Umeda chayamachi (tentative name) | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2023/2 (plan) |
| ŀ | H^1O Honmachi 3-chome (tentative name)* | Osaka-shi, Osaka | 2025/3 (plan) |

^{*}part of the building is H¹O

Satellite-type shared office

offers diversification and efficiency of work styles



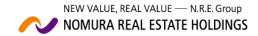


Number of members: 2,248 companies /

approx. 222,000 people

Number of offices: 216 including affiliated offices





Urban retail facility (mainly restaurants)

GEMS

Properties developed: 22 (including plans)

Properties under development / owned by NRE: 10 (out of 22)



<Projects completed and progressing in FY22/3>

| Name | | Location | Completion | |
|------|---------------|------------------|------------|--|
| 1 | GEMS Roppongi | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 2021/6 | |

GEMS Roppongi

Urban retail facility (mainly service industries)

Properties developed: 8 (including plans)

Properties under development /

owned by NRE 7 (out of 8)



<Projects completed and progressing in FY22/3>

| Name | Location | Completion |
|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| 1 MEFULL Fujisawa | Fujisawa-shi, Kanagawa | 2021/5 |
| 2 MEFULL Kawasaki | Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa | 2022/12 (plan) |
| 3 MEFULL Tamachi | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 2022/12 (plan) |
| 4 MEFULL Kiba | Koto-ku, Tokyo | 2023/4 (plan) |

Logistics facility with advanced and high functionality



Properties developed: 42 (including plans)

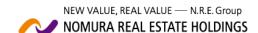
Properties under development / owned by NRE: 24 (out of 42)



<Projects completed and progressing in FY22/3>

| Name | Location | Completion |
|---|------------------------|---------------|
| 1 Landport Ome III | Ome-shi, Tokyo | 2021/5 |
| 2 Landport Koshigaya | Koshigaya-shi, Saitama | 2021/5 |
| 3 Landport Ageo I | Ageo-shi, Saitama | 2021/11 |
| 4 Landport Niiza | Niiza-shi, Saitama | 2022/2 |
| 5 Landport Komaki ANNEX | Komaki-shi, Aichi | 2022/3 |
| 6 Landport Ageo II | Ageo-shi, Saitama | 2022/5 (plan) |
| 7 Landport Tama | Hachioji-shi, Tokyo | 2022/6 (plan) |
| 8 Atsugi Aikawamachi logistics facility plan (tentative name) | Aiko-gun, Kanagawa | 2023/1 (plan) |
| 9 Landport Kyoto Minami | Muko-shi, Kyoto | 2023/2 (plan) |





(3) Commercial Real Estate: Our major properties (office, retail facility)

| Name | Location | Net lettable area *Our share | Completion | |
|--|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Yokohama Business Park | Hodogaya-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | 172,351㎡ | 1990/1, etc. | |
| Hamamatsucho Building (Toshiba Building) | Minato-ku, Tokyo | 94,777m² | 1984/3 | |
| LAZONA Kawasaki Toshiba Building | Saiwai-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa | 78,437m² | 2013/3 | |
| LAZONA Kawasaki Plaza | Saiwai-ku, Kawasaki-shi, Kanagawa | 46,989m² | 2006/9 | |
| Morisia Tsudanuma | Narashino-shi, Chiba | 39,475m² | 1978/10 | |
| Shinjuku Nomura Building | Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo | 30,884m² | 1978/5 | |
| Shinyokohama Toshiba Building | Kohoku-ku, Yokohama-shi, Kanagawa | 25,494m² | 1969/6, etc. | |
| Fuchu Toshiba Building | Fuchu-shi, Tokyo | 23,740m² | 1993/4 | |
| Nihonbashi Muromachi Nomura Building | Chuo-ku, Tokyo | 22,247m | 2010/9 | |







Hamamatsucho Building

LAZONA Kawasaki Toshiba Building



Yokohama Business Park



LAZONA Kawasaki Plaza



Nihonbashi Muromachi Nomura Building

5. Outline of Nomura Real Estate Group

NEW VALUE, REAL VALUE — N.R.E. Group NOMURA REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS

🛂 (1) Nomura Real Estate Group History

1957

Spins off from Nomura Securities Co., Ltd. and launches real estate business



1978

Completes construction of Shinjuku Nomura Building and moved the HQ from Nihonbashi



1988

Completes construction of Yokohama Business Park (YBP), one of the largest business development in the private sector



2002

Establishes unified brand name "PROUD" for residential products and services



2015

Lists one of the largest diversified J-REIT, Nomura Real Estate Master Fund, Inc on the Tokyo Stock Exchange



2018

Build a strategic partnership with Lothbury Investment Management, an UK real estate investment manager



2020

Completes construction of TOKYO TORANOMON GLOBAL SQUARE





.

1961

(¥bn)

Launches residential land development business with development of Kajiwarayama residential area in Kamakura

1960



1963

Launches condominium development business with the construction of Co-op Takenomaru in Yokohama



1970

2006

Lists Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. on the First Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange

1980



2008

Completes construction of PMO Nihonbashi Honcho, the first development in the PMO series



2000 **2008**

NREG TOSHIBA BUILDING Co., Ltd. joins the group



2010 **2010**

Completes construction of the Nihonbashi Muromachi Nomura Building



2020 **2019**

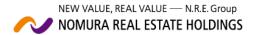
Hotel Niwa Tokyo joins the group



*Note: The Operating revenue until FY2003 are only the figures of Nomura Real Estate Holdings, Inc. All rights reserved



(2) 10 year data of Nomura Real Estate Group



| | units | 13/3 | 14/3 | 15/3 | 16/3 | 17/3 | 18/3 | 19/3 | 20/3 | 21/3 | 22/3 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Financial data | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operating revenue | ¥bn | 517.7 | 532.0 | 567.1 | 569.5 | 569.6 | 623.7 | 668.5 | 676.4 | 580.6 | 645.0 |
| Business profit*1 | ¥bn | 58.3 | 74.3 | 71.8 | 80.9 | 77.2 | 76.6 | 79.6 | 82.8 | 76.4 | 92.7 |
| Net profit | ¥bn | 19.3 | 26.8 | 38.4 | 47.1 | 47.0 | 46.0 | 45.8 | 48.8 | 42.1 | 55.3 |
| Total assets | ¥bn | 1,369.9 | 1,313.8 | 1,369.2 | 1,485.4 | 1,593.0 | 1,673.0 | 1,759.4 | 1,801.2 | 1,921.3 | 2,040.5 |
| Shareholders' equity | ¥bn | 336.2 | 355.6 | 394.0 | 444.8 | 481.3 | 501.4 | 526.7 | 550.1 | 583.3 | 618.7 |
| Shareholders' equity ratio | % | 24.5 | 27.1 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 30.2 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 30.5 | 30.4 | 30.3 |
| Debt/ equity ratio | times | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Interest-bearing debt | ¥bn | 669.2 | 617.5 | 616.7 | 721.9 | 810.1 | 877.8 | 914.0 | 870.0 | 1,008.5 | 1,022.7 |
| Interest expenses | ¥bn | 12.5 | 10.0 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 8.7 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 8.8 |
| Debt/ ebitda ratio*2 | times | 11.0 | 8.5 | 7.5 | 7.6 | 8.6 | 9.4 | 9.8 | 8.6 | 11.0 | 9.4 |
| Unrealized gain*3 | ¥bn | 37.2 | 41.2 | 70.2 | 110.9 | 153.9 | 181.9 | 206.3 | 209.6 | 209.6 | 247.0 |
| Dividend payout ratio*4 | % | 29.5 | 24.9 | 22.4 | 23.3 | 26.5 | 29.1 | 30.5 | 29.9 | 35.5 | 31.7 |
| Total return ratio*5 | % | 29.5 | 24.9 | 22.4 | 23.3 | 26.5 | 50.8 | 41.4 | 46.3 | 45.0 | 44.3 |
| ROA*6 | % | 4.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.7 |
| ROE*7 | % | 5.9 | 7.8 | 10.3 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 9.4 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 7.4 | 9.2 |
| NAV per share*8 | yen/share | 1,885 | 1,997 | 2,298 | 2,708 | 3,063 | 3,333 | 3,630 | 3,833 | 4,035 | 4,442 |
| EPS | yen/share | 101.61 | 140.7 | 201.28 | 246.42 | 245.1 | 240.89 | 245.99 | 267.21 | 232.53 | 307.81 |
| DPS | yen/share | 30.00 | 35.00 | 45.00 | 57.50 | 65.00 | 70.00 | 75.00 | 80.00 | 82.50 | 97.50 |
| Stock market index | | | | | | | | | | | |
| PER | times | 20.9 | 15.0 | 14.2 | 9.9 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 12.0 | 10.2 |
| PBR | times | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 1.0 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| PNAV | times | 1.1 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.7 | 0.7 |
| Total Shareholder Return*9 | % | - | _ | _ | - | _ | 145.5% | 128.0% | 111.6% | 167.6% | 188.2% |
| Key business indicator | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue of housing sales | ¥bn | 281.8 | 295.9 | 332.9 | 318.7 | 308.9 | 336.8 | 342.0 | 294.3 | 247.6 | 284.0 |
| Gross profit ratio of housing sales | % | 22.5 | 21.7 | 21.1 | 21.9 | 21.7 | 19.1 | 19.1 | 20.4 | 22.6 | 23.6 |
| Net Lettable area | m ^d | 835,115 | 855,197 | 928,628 | 974,127 | 975,974 | 1,021,004 | 953,620 | 913,446 | 827,737 | 787,536 |
| Vacancy rate | % | 2.2 | 2.9 | 4.5 | 2.2 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 6.0 |
| Sales amount of property for sales*10 | ¥bn | 19.7 | 16.7 | 12.3 | 33.2 | 35.3 | 43.3 | 77.0 | 124.7 | 92.8 | 110.5 |
| AUM(REITs and Private funds etc.) | ¥bn | 1,127.4 | 1,132.2 | 1,123.1 | 1,074.4 | 1,260.0 | 1,285.9 | 1,669.4 | 1,798.5 | 1,815.6 | 1,948.0 |
| Total brokerage transaction value | ¥bn | 540.6 | 672.7 | 710.9 | 713.5 | 745.1 | 800.7 | 767.3 | 872.3 | 893.4 | 964.8 |
| No. of housings under management | units | 137,745 | 147,516 | 155,706 | 163,036 | 168,999 | 173,705 | 177,582 | 182,259 | 183,162 | 186,549 |

^{*1:} Business profit= operating profit+ share of profit (loss) of entities accounted for using equity method + amortization of intangible assets associated with corporate acquisitions. Prior to FY19/3, figues are equivalent to operating profit.

^{*2:} EBITDA = Profit before income taxes + interest expenses + depeciation

^{*3:} Unrealized gain = Fair value of real estate for rent at the end of the fiscal year - Balance of real estate for rent at the end of the fiscal year

^{*4:} Dividend payout ratio= Dividend per share / EPS

^{*5:} Total return ratio = (Dividend per share + The amount of acquisition of treasury shares per share) / EPS

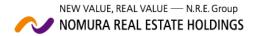
^{*6:} ROA= Business profit / Average assets during the fiscal year *Prior to FY18/3; ROA=(Operating profit + Non-operating income) + Average assets during the fiscal year

^{*7:} ROE=Profit attributable to owners of parent / Average shareholders' equity during the fiscal year

^{*8:} NAV per share=Shareholders' equity+ unrealized gains (after deduction of tax) / the number of shares issued at the end of the fiscal year (excluding treasury shares)

^{*9: (}Stock price as of the end of the fiscal year + accumulated dividend amount per share from FY18/3 to the fiscal year) / Stock price as of the end of FY17/3

^{*10:} Sales amount of property for sales refers to the sum of property development for sales in Residential Development BU and Commercial Real Estate BU. (Property development for sales in Residential Developmen BU: Rental housings developed for real estate investment market) (Property development for sales in Commercial Real Estate BU: Office building, retail facility and logistic facility developed for real estate investment market)



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